

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: 260S Low VOC Quick Dry Satin Alkyd Product Code: 260S-7043

Trade Name: 260S-7043 Carlsbad Canyon

Adams Paint Mfg Company
1416 N University Ave
Lubbock, Tx 79415
Telephone Number: 806-763-2944
Web Site: adamspaintmfg.com

Emergency Contacts & Phone Numbers
Chemtrec: 800-424-9300
SDS Request Line: 806-763-2944

Product Use: See Product Data Sheet

Not recommended for: See Product Data Sheet

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Ratings:

Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)
Skin corrosive	3	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 1.5 < 2.3
Mutagen	1B	Known to produce heritable mutations in human germ cellsSubcategory 1B, Positive results: In vivo heritable germ cell tests in mammals, Human germ cell tests, In vivo somatic mutagenicity tests, combined with some evidence of germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogen	1B	Presumed Human Carcinogen, Based on demonstrated animal carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxin	1B	Presumed, Based on experimental animals

GHS Hazards

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child

GHS Precautions

P201	Obtain special instructions before use
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P210	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces and other ignition sources - No smoking
P233	Keep container tightly closed
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and equipment
P242	Use only non-sparking tools
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide or water fog for extinction
P405	Store locked up

Signal Word: Danger



SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-	98-56-6	20.00% - 30.00%
Talc	14807-96-6	10.00% - 20.00%
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5.00% - 10.00%
Methyl propyl ketone	107-87-9	5.00% - 10.00%
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	1330-20-7	1.00% - 5.00%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	64742-89-8	1.00% - 5.00%
Iron oxide yellow	51274-00-1	1.00% - 5.00%
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	1.00% - 5.00%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	64742-95-6	1.00% - 5.00%
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.10% - 1.00%
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	0.10% - 1.00%
2-Butanone, oxime	96-29-7	0.10% - 1.00%
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.10% - 1.00%

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 10 to 15 minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation or symptoms of overexposure persists.

Skin Contact: Immediately wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Other First Aid: Due to possible aspiration into lungs, DO NOT induce vomiting if ingested. Provide a glass of water to dilute the material in the stomach. If vomiting occurs naturally, have person lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: 7 C (45 F)

LEL: 1.00

UEL: 11.00

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, or water fog to extinguish fire. Water may not be effective to extinguish fire. Spattering of flammable liquid may result from spraying water.

Specific Hazards arising from the Chemical: Minimize breathing gases, vapors, fumes or decomposition products. At elevated temperatures, vapors can form an ignitable mixture with air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Closed containers may explode when exposed to heat.

Protection of Firefighters: Water may be unsuitable as an extinguishing media, but helpful in keeping adjacent containers cool. If a leak or spill has ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect the men attempting to stop leak.

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches and waterways.

Methods for Containment: Contain spilled liquid with sand or earth. DO NOT use combustible materials, such as sawdust.

Methods for Clean-up: Remove all sources of ignition. Provide ventilation. Absorb spill with inert material (dry sand or earth), collect spill with a non-sparking tool then place in a chemical waste container for disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor and contacts with eyes, skin and clothing. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source), bond and ground containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not reuse containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.

Hygiene Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid inhaling vapor or mist.

Storage: Store in a cool dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- 98-56-6	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Talc 14807-96-6	Not Established	2 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction)	NIOSH: 2 mg/m3 TWA (containing no Asbestos and <1% Quartz, respirable dust)
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust)	10 mg/m3 TWA	Not Established
Methyl propyl ketone 107-87-9	200 ppm TWA; 700 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 530 mg/m3 TWA
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1330-20-7	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	Not Established
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic 64742-89-8	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Iron oxide yellow 51274-00-1	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Methyl n-amyl ketone 110-43-0	100 ppm TWA; 465 mg/m3 TWA	50 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 465 mg/m3 TWA
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic 64742-95-6	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established

Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 TWA 125 ppm STEL; 545 mg/m3 STEL
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy 64742-48-9	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
2-Butanone, oxime 96-29-7	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
Carbon black 1333-86-4	3.5 mg/m3 TWA	3 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction)	NIOSH: 3.5 mg/m3 TWA; 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, as PAH)

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective, wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.

Eye / Face Protection: Wear protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulations.

Skin Protection: Chemical-resistant gloves and chemical goggles, face-shield and synthetic apron or coveralls should be used to prevent contact with eye, skin or clothing.

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

General Hygiene Considerations: Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<p>Appearance: Liquid</p> <p>Vapor Pressure: 6.9 mmHg</p> <p>Vapor Density: Heavier than air</p> <p>Lbs / Gallon 11.13</p> <p>Freezing point: No Data</p> <p>Boiling range: 102°C</p> <p>Evaporation rate: Slower than Ether</p> <p>Explosive Limits: 1% - 11%</p> <p>Autoignition temperature: 280°C</p> <p>Viscosity: No Data</p>	<p>Odor: Naphthalinic</p> <p>Odor threshold: No Data</p> <p>pH: No Data</p> <p>Melting point: No Data</p> <p>Solubility: Moderate</p> <p>Flash point: 45 F, 7 C</p> <p>Flammability: Flammable Liquid Class IB</p> <p>Partition coefficient (n- octanol/water): No Data</p> <p>Decomposition temperature: No Data</p> <p>VOC g/l 292.165</p>
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SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, flames, sparks and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Incomplete combustion may produce carbon monoxide and other toxic gases.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mixture Toxicity

Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 120mg/L

Component Toxicity

107-87-9	Methyl propyl ketone Oral LD50: 1,600 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 2,000 ppm (Rat)
64742-89-8	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic Oral LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Mouse) Dermal LD50: 3,000 mg/kg (Rabbit)
110-43-0	Methyl n-amyl ketone Oral LD50: 1,600 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 2,000 mL/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 17 mg/L (Rat)
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene Oral LD50: 3,500 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 17 mg/L (Rat)
96-29-7	2-Butanone, oxime Oral LD50: 930 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 0 mg/kg (Rabbit) Inhalation LC50: 20 mg/L (Rat)

Miscellaneous Toxicological Information:

Notice: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>% Weight</u>	<u>Carcinogen Rating</u>
1333-86-4	Carbon black	.1 to 1.0%	Carbon black: NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen IARC: Possible human carcinogen OSHA: listed
64742-89-8	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	1 to 5%	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic: EU REACH: Present (P)
96-29-7	2-Butanone, oxime	.1 to 1.0%	2-Butanone, oxime:
64742-48-9	Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	.1 to 1.0%	Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy: EU REACH: Present (P)
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	.1 to 1.0%	Ethylbenzene: IARC: Possible human carcinogen OSHA: listed
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	5 to 10%	Titanium dioxide: NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen IARC: Possible human carcinogen OSHA: listed
64742-95-6	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	1 to 5%	Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic: EU REACH: Present (P)

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Component Ecotoxicity

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-	48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 3.68 mg/L
Talc	96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio: >100 g/L [semi-static]
Methyl propyl ketone	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1190 - 1290 mg/L [flow-through]
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 13.4 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 2.661 - 4.093 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 13.5 - 17.3 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13.1 - 16.5 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 19 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 7.711 - 9.591 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 23.53 - 29.97 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: 780 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio: >780 mg/L; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 30.26 - 40.75 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 water flea: 3.82 mg/L; 48 Hr LC50 Gammarus lacustris: 0.6 mg/L
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4700 mg/L
Methyl n-amyl ketone	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 126 - 137 mg/L [flow-through]
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aromatic	96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 9.22 mg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 6.14 mg/L
Ethylbenzene	96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 11.0 - 18.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss: 4.2 mg/L [semi-static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 7.55 - 11 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 32 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 9.1 - 15.6 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 9.6 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 1.8 - 2.4 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 4.6 mg/L; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: >438 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 2.6 - 11.3 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 1.7 - 7.6 mg/L [static]
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 2200 mg/L
2-Butanone, oxime	96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 777 - 914 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata: 760 mg/L [static] 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 750 mg/L 72 Hr EC50 Desmodemus subspicatus: 83 mg/L

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classification of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and / or state and local guidelines .

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Proper Shipping Name</u>	<u>UN Number</u>	<u>Packing Group</u>	<u>Hazard Class</u>
DOT	Paint	1263	II	3

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Additional regulatory listings, where applicable.

CERCLA RQ:

Component _____ RQ (lbs)

Xylene	100
Ethylbenzene	1000

SARA 311/312 Hazard Classes: Acute, Chronic, Fire

State of California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING!

This product contains the following chemicals which are listed by the State of California as carcinogenic or a reproductive toxin:

- 1333-86-4 Carbon black 0.1 to 1.0 % Carcinogen
- 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 0.1 to 1.0 % Carcinogen
- 13463-67-7 Titanium dioxide 5 to 10 % Carcinogen

SARA 302 Components:

- None

SARA 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS:

- 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 0.1 to 1.0 %
- 1330-20-7 Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) 1 to 5 %

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All chemicals except those listed below appear in the Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory.

- None

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations and orders.

Reviewer Revision

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